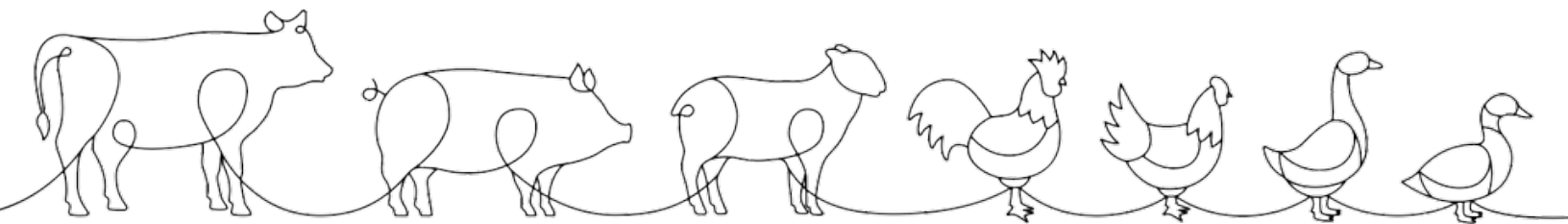




2023 Hartford Fair Livestock Quality Assurance

Dairy / Dairy Feeder Project Packet



Programming provided by OSU Extension - Licking County

A colorful cartoon illustration of a farm scene. In the background, there are rolling green hills, a blue sky with white clouds and birds, and a farm building with a red roof. In the foreground, various farm animals are depicted: two white sheep on the left, a brown cow, a white goat, a pink pig, a white duck, a white rabbit, a brown chicken, and a yellow chicken. A wooden fence runs across the middle ground.

Good Production Practices (GPPs) For Youth Livestock Producers

- GPP 1 Use an appropriate Veterinarian / Client / Patient Relationship (VCPR) as the Basis for Medication Decision Making.
- GPP 2 Establish and Implement an Efficient and Effective Health Management Plan.
- GPP 3 Use antibiotics responsibly.
- GPP 4 Properly Store and Administer Animal Health Products.
- GPP 5 Follow Proper Feed Processing Protocols.
- GPP 6 Establish Effective Identification, Medication Records, and Withdrawal Times.
- GPP 7 Practice Good Environmental Stewardship.
- GPP 8 Maintain Proper Workplace Safety.
- GPP 9 Provide Proper Care to Improve Animal Well-Being.
- GPP 10 Utilize Tools for Continuous Improvement.

2023 Focus

2023 Hartford Independent Fair Junior Fair Livestock / Animal Requirement Summary

(Last Revision 03.23.2023)

	Exhibit Limit	Possession	Pre-Fair Weigh-In/Tagging	Licking County Quality Assurance (Must attend one session) JUNE 1 st Deadline	Clinics	Entry Deadline	Animal Requirements	Health Requirements
Market Steer & Market Heifer	Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105)	December 10 th Weigh-In	Must be weighed, tattooed, and tagged on Saturday, December 10, 2022 (8 - 11 a.m.) Grubb Arena, Fairgrounds) Fee: \$5 / RFID Tag (if needed)	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.		Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	All animals must be dehorned and bulls castrated before December weigh-in. Must be 950 lbs. to sell	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to arrival to fairgrounds.
Steer Pool	May only draw 1 animal from pool to exhibit. Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105)	Steer Pool Selection Date (November)	Completed during selection of steers.	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.	Attend regularly scheduled Steer Pool meetings	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.		No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. forms will be completed online prior to arrival to fairgrounds.
Beef Feeder Calf	Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105)	June 1 st	N/A	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.		Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	Calves must weigh between 300 lbs. and 700 lbs. to show for champion (steers and heifers only)	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines.
Breeding Beef	Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105)	90 days preceding the fair	N/A	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.		Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	All breeds, except crossbreds, must be registered to show for special premiums. Registration papers will be checked at fair. (Not a sale animal)	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines.
Dairy Feeder Calf	Maximum of 6 entries for Beef Division (Dept. 102/103/104/105)	May 1	Must be weighed, tagged and vaccinated on Saturday, June 3 (8 a.m. - 11:00 a.m.) Grubb Arena, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$10 / animal **Must be dehorned / castrated prior to June 3 in order to be tagged**	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.	Dairy Feeder Clinic and Show will be held at the Fairgrounds immediately following weigh-in on Saturday, June 4, 2023	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	Calf must be 100%-Holstein or Brown Swiss. Calf must be dehorned, and castrated PRIOR to weigh-in. Must weigh 400-650 lbs. to sell through Junior fair sale.	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to arrival to fairgrounds.
Dairy Cattle	No limit as to the number of dairy entries	90 days preceding the fair	N/A	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.		Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	No horns permitted (except on junior and intermediate heifers). (Not a sale animal)	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines.
Market Hogs	May exhibit up to 2 animals per exhibitor	90 days preceding the fair	Market Hog ID papers must be submitted electronically to the Hartford Fair Office by no later than May 15.	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.		Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	Min. of 200lbs. to sell / 220-290 lbs. to show for Champion. Any breed / cross. Gilts and barrows allowed. Clipping discouraged – hair must meet ODA Rev. Code Terminal Sale.	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. forms will be completed online after tagging upon arrival to fairgrounds.
Market Lambs	May exhibit up to 5 animals (1 pen of two and 3 singles) NOTE: Can't be shown in Breeding Sheep show during Hartford Fair.	May 1	Tagging on May 6 (9 a.m. - 12 p.m.) Sheriff Office, Hartford Fairgrounds Up to 6 lambs may be tagged at that time. Fee: \$3 per animal. Scrapies tags are required for identification.	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.		Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	No rams allowed. MUST be sick shorn one week or less prior to the fair. All lambs must weigh min. of 95 lbs. (except Southdown and Cheviots 85 lbs.)	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to arrival to fairgrounds.
Market Lamb Pool	May select / exhibit up to two lambs. (Counts toward max of 5 that can be shown in Dept 108 Market Lamb)	Lamb Pool Selection will take place April 30 @ 3pm (Claylick Run Farm). Pre-registration required.	Completed during selection of lambs. NOTE: Lamb Pool application deadline is April 16.	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.		Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.		No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to arrival to fairgrounds.
Breeding Sheep	May exhibit up to 5 entries in Junior Fair.	90 days preceding the fair	N/A	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. / May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.		Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	May show ewes or rams. (Not a sale animal)	Must have USDA approved Scrapies tag in all breeding stock. No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines.

	Exhibit Limit	Possession	Pre-Fair Weigh-In/Tagging	Licking County Quality Assurance (Must attend one session) JUNE 1 st Deadline	Clinics	Entries	Animal Requirements	Health Requirements
Market Goats	May exhibit up to 2 animals.	May 20 th	Tagging on May 20 (10 a.m.–12 p.m.) Goat Barn, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$2 / animal May tag up to 6 animals. Scraps tags are required for identification.	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.	Goats R Us 4-H Club will host workshops on June 15 and July 13 at the Hartford Fairgrounds that are open to any youth. Contact Laney McLaughlin # 740.927.4790	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	Minimum of 45 lbs. to sell. MUST be sick-shorn one week or less prior to the fair. Only goats entered in Junior Fair may stay on the grounds.	Must have USDA approved Scrapies identification in all goats (ear tag / microchip / tattoo / registration papers). No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. and U.P. feeding forms will be completed online prior to arrival to fairgrounds.
Breeding Goats	May exhibit up to 6 animals (any market goat entries count toward this total of six entries within the goat department)	90 days preceding the fair	N/A	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.	Goats R Us 4-H Club will host workshops on June 15 and July 13 at the Hartford Fairgrounds that are open to any youth. Contact Laney McLaughlin # 740.927.4790	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	No horned goats permitted in dairy classes. No bucks permitted. (Not a sale animal) Only goats entered in Junior Fair may stay on the grounds.	Must have USDA approved Scrapies identification in all goats (ear tag / microchip / tattoo / registration papers). No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines.
Market Rabbits	Max of 2 per Lot, which counts toward max of 6 entries for Market and Breeding Rabbits.	30 days preceding fair	Registration/Tattooing July 8 (10 a.m. - 2 p.m.) Beef Barn, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$1 / animal	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.	Rabbit & Poultry Clinic & Fun Show will be held on Saturday, June 10 at the Hartford Fairgrounds.	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	Single fryer / pen of three rabbits min 3 ½ lbs. / max 5 ½ lbs. 69 days old each at show	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines. D.U.N.F. forms will be completed online prior to arrival to fairgrounds.
Breeding Rabbits	Max of 2 per Lot, which counts toward max of 6 entries for Market and Breeding Rabbits.	90 days preceding the fair	Sr. Rabbits - May 6 (10 a.m. – 2 p.m.) Behind Grandstands, Fairgrounds Jr Rabbits - July 8 (10 a.m. – 2 p.m.) Beef Barn, Fairgrounds Fee: \$1 / animal	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.	Rabbit & Poultry Clinic & Fun Show will be held on Saturday, June 10 at the Hartford Fairgrounds.	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	(Not a sale animal)	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines.
Meat Poultry (broilers/turkeys / ducks)	Max of 2 per Lot, which counts toward max of 6 entries for Market Poultry. Meat turkeys, chickens and ducks must be purchased through a Hartford Fair Poultry Pool.	Meat turkeys / chickens / ducks must be purchased through Hartford Fair Poultry Pool.	Turkeys are banded May 6 (10 a.m. – 2 p.m.) Behind Grandstands, Hartford Fairgrounds All other Meat Poultry - Wing Banding July 8 (10 a.m. - 2 p.m.) Beef Barn, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$1 / entry	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.	Rabbit & Poultry Clinic & Fun Show will be held on Saturday, June 10 at the Hartford Fairgrounds.	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	Meat chicken/single broiler / pen of three birds must weigh between 5 and 8 lbs. Meat turkeys, chickens and ducks must be purchased through Hartford Fair Poultry Pool.	Be prepared to show NPIP health papers. D.U.N.F. forms will be completed online prior to arrival to fairgrounds.
Breeding Poultry	Max of 2 per Lot, which counts toward max of 6 entries for Market Poultry.	90 days preceding the fair	Wing Banding May 6 (10 a.m. - 2 p.m.) Behind Grandstands, Hartford Fairgrounds Fee: \$1 / entry	March 23 Watkins H.S. / April 5 Licking Valley H.S. / April 18 Johnstown H.S. / April 27 Licking Valley H.S. May 1 Utica H.S. / May 13 Northridge H.S. All programs held 6:30-8:30 p.m.	Rabbit & Poultry Clinic & Fun Show will be held on Saturday, June 10 at the Hartford Fairgrounds.	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	(Not a sale animal)	Be prepared to show NPIP health papers. All turkeys must be pollorum tested by a veterinarian. Health papers must be presented upon arrival to barn.
Dogs	May exhibit up to 6 Dogs, max of 6 entries.	April 1 Must be owned by exhibitor or immediate family	N/A	No Quality Assurance Program required for this species in 2023.	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	Need certificate of license & dog license tag to register. Dog must be older than 6 mos. at time of show. Dogs in heat may not be shown.	Hartford Fair Certificate of Vaccination form required. (available through Licking County 4-H Club Advisors and the Licking County Extension Office website)
Llamas	May exhibit up to 6 Llamas, max of 6 entries.	90 days preceding the fair	N/A	No Quality Assurance Program required for this species in 2023.	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	(Not a sale animal) Haul-in only. Temporary stalling will be provided day of show.	No health papers required. However, you must follow state guidelines.
Equine (Horse & Pony)	May exhibit up to 6 animals (may only stall 1 animal) NOTE: All horses and ponies must have a Body Condition Score (BCS) of at least "4" to be exhibited at 4-H events and shows.	Licking County exhibitors submit by April 27 to LC4-HH&PC Knox & Delaware exhibitors submit by May 1 to Hartford Fair Office	N/A	All Equine members must complete EquiSTEP training program by June 1 st .	Licking County Pony measurements made by appointment prior to April 10. Contact Nancy Aftidge (#614.989.5717). An educational clinic will be held April 29, sponsored by the Licking County 4-H Horse & Pony Council.	Entry deadline is Monday, June 26 th . Changes must be made prior to July 21 st late entry deadline.	(Not a sale animal) Pre-entry for classes is required. All classes must be entered by fair entry deadline.	Required Vaccinations: West Nile Combo (includes Tetanus), Rhino/Flu, and Equine Rabies. Health papers must be presented at Vet Check Point & Horse Project Grading. Veterinarian certificate and DUNF required for any and all medications with unexpired withdrawal period.

For all species divisions which are listed on this form, the youth member must be currently enrolled in the respective appropriate project in either Licking, Knox, or Delaware County 4-H / FFA/Steer Pool programs. The project must be carried through the county of which the youth is a 4-H or FFA member in good standing. Licking, Knox and Delaware County members are encouraged to attend a Quality Assurance Program within their county of membership.

Project Enrollment for 4-H and FFA Members and Showing Animals

- ✓ Ohio 4-H members are sometimes also FFA members. To keep work in both organizations clearly separate, members are advised to take a different species in each organization or, at the very least, to take market animals in one and breeding animals in the other.

	4-H	FFA
Allowable	Breeding Gilt	Market Hog
Allowable	Market Steer	Market Hog
Not Allowable	Market Lamb	Market Lamb



Photos courtesy of the Ohio State Fair.



Information

For questions about Ohio State Fair entries, rules, and deadlines please visit <https://ohiostatefair.com/livestock/>

For additional livestock project resources and scrapie information, please visit <https://go.osu.edu/livestock>

For questions related to statewide Quality Assurance policies please contact:

Elizabeth Duling, Food Animal Specialist, share.8@osu.edu



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 **THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY**
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Requirements of Livestock Projects for Exhibition in Ohio Fairs



Requirements of County 4-H Educators

When youth livestock project members are required to attend Quality Assurance, ensure that:

- ✓ Members are in good standing
 - Check with club advisor to make sure they have met club requirements to be in good standing.
- ✓ Youth have completed QA **at least 45 days prior** to the START of the fair (not the show day)
 - For example, if the opening day of the fair is July 20, but a youth doesn't show until July 23, QA must be completed by the youth at least 45 days prior to July 20.
 - ***If the fair takes place after the Ohio State Fair, and a youth wants to exhibit at the Ohio State Fair, they must complete QA 45 days prior to the opening day of the Ohio State Fair to be eligible to participate. ***

- ✓ Members are enrolled in the appropriate project corresponding to the class/animal they are entering
 - For example, youth must be enrolled in a market beef project to enter for a market steer/market heifer class.
 - A youth CANNOT be enrolled in only beef breeding and take a market heifer to the fair.

Requirements for Parents/Guardians/ Advisors and Youth

Make sure that children/club member(s) entering livestock at the county and/or Ohio State Fair:

- ✓ Are members in good standing
 - Have they met your club standards (attendance, forms filled out, enrolled in the proper projects, etc).
- ✓ Have completed QA **at least 45 days prior** to the START of the fair (not the show day)
 - For example, if the opening day of the fair is July 20, but the youth doesn't show until July 23, QA must be completed by the youth at least 45 days prior to July 20.
 - ***If the fair takes place after the Ohio State Fair, and the youth wants to exhibit at the Ohio State Fair, they must complete QA 45 days prior to the start of the Ohio State Fair to be eligible to participate. ***

- ✓ Are enrolled in the appropriate project corresponding to the class/animal they are entering
 - For example, youth must be enrolled in a market beef project to enter a market steer/market heifer class.
 - A youth CANNOT be enrolled in only beef breeding and take a market heifer to the fair.

Requirements for Parents/Guardians/ Advisors and Youth

- ✓ Have the project animal(s) in their possession by the approved dates (refer to county/state fair rules) and is properly tagged/identified
 - For example, beef exhibitors for the Ohio State Fair must send a DNA sample and register EID tag by January 15 to be eligible for entry.
 - County fairs will require tagging/tattoo days for market animals.
 - Sheep and goats must have scrapie tags/identification per USDA.

- ✓ Have registered/entered in the correct classes by the posted deadlines for the event.
- ✓ Understand and comply with fair rules and regulations.



For questions about project requirements, Quality Assurance dates/requirements, fair requirements, and county-related rules, please contact your county 4-H Extension Educator. Contact information can be found at licking.osu.edu.

2023 HARTFORD SENIOR FAIR BOARD

POINTS OF IMPORTANCE

VARIOUS ANIMAL UPDATES AND REMINDERS...

— BEEF.

- Additional classes will be offered within the All Other Breeds (AOB) division, separating entries by high and low percentage designations.
- Market Steer / Heifer weigh-in will take place on Saturday, immediately following Steer Pool weigh-in.

— DAIRY FEEDERS.

- Dairy Feeder calves may be only of 100% Holstein or Brown Swiss breeding.
- Weigh-in on June 3rd will run from 8:00 - 11:00 a.m., with a clinic and fun show to follow. The weigh-in will also include an independent assessor whose task will be to identify calves that may require DNA testing. Testing will be at owners' expense, but costs will be refunded if the results of the test show that the calf meets the requirements of being 100% Holstein or Brown Swiss. Calves identified as crossbred will not be eligible to show in weight classes, but will have a exhibition class available to them.
- A showmanship class is being added for beginning (first year) dairy feeder exhibitors. Open to exhibitors ages 8 and 9 as of January 1, 2023. Winner of this class will then compete for Supreme Dairy Feeder Showmanship exhibitor along with the other showmanship class winners.

— GOATS.

- All goats must have approved Scrapies identification!
- Only goats entered in Junior Fair classes may stay on the grounds.
- Market Goat show will increase to fifteen classes and be broken into three weight divisions – light middle and heavy, with division winners advance to championship drive.

— HORSE.

- Horse Department schedule will have changes... Ranch classes will be held on Thursday, with Friday morning being Versatility and Friday afternoon being reserved for Pee Wee and Fun Show activities.
- Horse exhibitors stalling at the fairgrounds will be dismissed early on Saturday, to allow time for the Rodeo to set-up in the Horse Complex for Saturday evening events.

— MARKET LAMBS.

- All market lambs which are ewes, as well as ewes and wethers that are coming from out-of-state, must have USDA approved Scrapies tag identification.
- The Market Lamb show will offer special classes for Bred and Owned entries, with those lambs needing to be designated at B&O during tagging in May.

— BREEDING SHEEP.

- Breeding sheep exhibitors must have USDA approved Scrapies tags in all ewes, rams, and wethers over 18 months (there are no breeding classes for wethers).

— **MARKET HOGS.**

- Hog Identification photos are required of all junior fair hogs and will be uploaded directly in to FairEntry (new entry system). Photos must be submitted online by 11:59 p.m. May 15th. Up to four (4) hogs may be identified. Instructions are forthcoming.
- All hogs consigned to sale will be sent to the packer on either Tuesday night or Wednesday. All youth participating in the sale must send one hog on the trailer. Hogs will not be present during the hog sale on Thursday.
- Any youth bringing a second hog for exhibition will be responsible for removing that hog from the fairgrounds on Friday. Those hogs are not permitted to be taken on the packer truck earlier in the week. These hogs are also eligible to be shown in an open market hog show on Friday.
- All pens should be cleaned by exhibitors at the time that their hog is removed from the grounds, with absolutely all pens being cleaned by end of the day on Friday.

— **RABBITS & POULTRY.**

- The May 6th banding and tattooing will take place behind the grandstands. Please enter Gate C turn right at the first driveway. There will be a rabbit line and a poultry line. Exit will be through Gate B. This will be drive-through style still, from 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.
- Rabbit show day schedule has been changed to allow breeding rabbits to show first, with market rabbits showing in the afternoon. This should allow more time to process weights and post class lists ahead of the show.
- All meat poultry and meat rabbits must weigh-in prior to having sale photo taken during the fair.

— **GENERAL JUNIOR FAIR LIVESTOCK.**

- Junior Fair entries will be made ONLINE in 2023 – with additional instructions forthcoming. We will be using a new entry system, called FairEntry. This is the same entry system that Delaware and Knox County Fairs have been using for a few years. It is anticipated that entries can be submitted beginning May 16th.
- All market animal exhibitors must complete their Drug Use Notification Form (DUNF) online by 11:59 p.m. on Friday, August 4th. Market Hogs will complete their forms after they have arrived to the fairgrounds and receive their official tags. DUNF instructions will be emailed one week prior to the fair.
- The General Livestock Judging Contest will consist of market / breeding sheep, market / breeding goats, and dairy feeders this year – no beef or hog classes.
- Super Showmanship... Once a member advances to Expert Showmanship and wins Expert Showmanship to advance to Super Showmanship, they will continue to compete in Expert class from that point forward until they age out or win Super Showmanship.

FACILITIES AND BARN SAFETY.

- No floor fans will be permitted in the barn areas. All fans must be hung, for the safety of small children.
- Electrical cords must be good repair and in a safe condition. Unsafe cords will be confiscated.

LIVESTOCK SALES.

- Livestock sales checks will be mailed no earlier than 30 days following the sale. All checks will be mailed, no checks will be held for pick-up! There will be a \$35 charge to re-issue a check with a stale date past the 60 days cashing period.

...AND OTHER ITEMS.

- Fair Book will be available only in electronic format and will be posted to the Hartford Fair website.
- Entries are due by 11:59 p.m. on Monday, June 26th, with late entries being due by 11:59 p.m. on Friday, July 21st. Exhibitors will be expected to review their entries online to ensure that they are accurate.
- Admission prices will be \$10 cash at the gate, or \$8 (plus fees) online in advance of arrival to the gate.
- Weekly passes will be available online for \$55 (plus fees).
- Be sure to stay up to date through the Hartford Fair website and Facebook pages.

- 4-H / FFA Advisors...
 - Will not be issued IDs in 2023, simply need to show driver's license to pick up club member premiums at the Premium Bank.
 - For gate admission, advisors will be issued admission passes that can be printed or shown on their phone to be scanned when entering through admission gates.

- 4-H / FFA Members...
 - Members will be asked to submit name, birthdate and a photo online in order for their ID to be created and printed. All photos must be submitted by June 26th fair entry deadline. Any member not submitting a photo will not have an ID printed and will need to have their parent or an advisor pick up any applicable premiums at the Premium Bank. Instructions are forthcoming.
 - For gate admission, each junior fair exhibitor will be issued an admission pass that can be printed or shown on their phone to be scanned when entering through the admission gates.
 - IDs will not be used for gate admission, that is the biggest thing to keep in mind. Passes will be used at the gates, IDs will be used only at the Premium Bank.

Updated 03.21.2022

2023 Dairy Cattle Quality Assurance Training

March 11, 2023

GPP #1 Use an appropriate Veterinarian / Client / Patient Relationship (VCPR) as the basis for medication decision making.

A VCPR means that a veterinarian has been on your farm, viewed your animal or another with the same symptoms, made a diagnosis, and given you a treatment plan within last six to twelve months. The veterinarian must be familiar with your operation and level of expertise. Once established, you can call upon your veterinarian to discuss health issues and decide if a visit is necessary. Sometimes, a diagnosis and treatment can be done through a phone conversation.

You can only give medications in the amount, and route, stated on the label. It can also only be given for the conditions listed - anything else is considered extra label use and can only be done under direction of a veterinarian. Prescription medications must be used exactly as labeled by the prescribing veterinarian. Withdrawal times are not correct if you change anything from the labeled instructions. A veterinarian must give withdrawal times when any changes are made.

Consideration must be given for the amount of antibiotic that can be injected in one site. Too much given at one site, or using the wrong path of treatment, can cause tissue damage or extended withdrawal times. When in doubt, consult your veterinarian!

Remember: Using any medication for a species, or in a way, that is not labeled for - or a veterinarian has not given written directions for usage - is considered off-label and is also illegal.

GPP #3 Use antibiotics responsibly.

Our goal as producers is to reduce the need for administering antibiotics to our animals. Preventative strategies to decrease the need are to use a biosecurity program, provide proper ventilation, provide proper nutrition, use a vaccination program, and provide proper animal handling and care.

ADDITIONAL REFERENCE: Over-the-Counter Antibiotics Will Require Veterinary Oversight – Beginning in June of 2023 (attached)

GPP #6 Establish effective identification, medication records, and withdrawal times.

Record keeping is a management tool that has become increasingly important. It is the first and most reliable method of disease surveillance for the food animal industry. Consumers gain confidence in their food supply when food animal producers document management practices that provide a safe and wholesome food supply. This process begins with identifying all animals. Youth exhibitors who show sheep and goats are required by law to identify their animals. Pending laws will require all food animals and poultry flocks to have identification.

A treatment record must include the following information:

- Identification of animal, group or pen treated
- Date treated
- Name of product given and amount given
- Route and location of administration
- Withdrawal period and earliest date that the animal is free of medications
- Identify the person who treats the animal
- Identify the veterinarian, if using a prescribed substance

Record Keeping / Individual Forms

- Drug Use Notification Form (DUNF) must be filled out for all market animals or those goats or dairy cattle that are lactating
- Individual or pen treatment record must be maintained by owner for five years.
- Farms should have a medication plan on file
- Those who mix feeds are required to maintain a record of contents on file
- Feed distributors are not permitted to sell antibiotics for use in water or feed without a valid Veterinary Feed Directive (VFD).

Over-the-Counter Antibiotics Will Require Veterinary Oversight (Rx) Beginning in June of 2023

By June of 2023, all medically important antibiotics currently available at most feed or farm supply stores will now require veterinary oversight (written Rx) to be used in animals, even if the animals are not intended for food production. Examples of [affected antibiotics](#) include injectable penicillin and oxytetracycline. In addition, some retail suppliers who were able to sell these drugs/products in the past may no longer sell them after June of 2023. *This means that small and large animal veterinarians should be prepared for an increase in calls and visits from animal owners who previously may have purchased these drugs over the counter at their local farm supply store.* To continue using medically important antimicrobials, you may need to establish a veterinarian-client-patient relationship (VCPR). Consult your veterinarian for more information.

What is a veterinarian-client-patient-relationship?

A [veterinarian-client-patient-relationship \(VCPR\)](#) is defined by the American Veterinary Medical Association as the basis for interaction among veterinarians, their clients, and their patients and is critical to the health of your animal(s). The practical explanation is that it is a formal relationship that you have with a veterinarian who serves as your primary contact for all veterinary services and is familiar with you, your livestock/animals, and your farm operation. This veterinarian is referred to as your Veterinarian of Record (VoR), and both the VoR and the client should sign a form to document this relationship.

What species are included?

From companion dogs and cats to backyard poultry, and from rabbits and show pigs to large livestock farms. The same restrictions will apply to all companion and farm animal species.

How do your health protocols measure up?

Health protocols are customized for individuals and farm-specific, and practicing veterinarians are often asked to develop and write protocols for individual farms, particularly health protocols. Injectable antimicrobials alone will not work as intended if animals are experiencing pain (drop feed and water intake) and/or dehydration. OSU Veterinary Extension is available to review your health protocols, but must be submitted by a practicing veterinarian to Dr. Gustavo Schuenemann at schuenemann.5@osu.edu.

TERMS TO KNOW...

- Animal Identification – A unique, traceable way to identify your animal.
- Antibiotic – A medication given to cure illness, sometimes requiring a veterinarian prescription.
- Antimicrobial – A material that is added to feedstuffs to prevent growth of undesirable contaminants.
- Biosecurity – Management and sanitation practices that decrease the risk of introducing or spreading diseases or contaminants.
- Carcass – The body of a slaughtered animal.
- Contaminants – Undesirable ingredients in feeds. These can be bacteria, virus, fungi, parasites, or other chemicals. For example: mold, mycotoxins, E. Coli, and antibiotics.
- Disease – An illness caused by a virus, bacteria or parasite.
- Feed Tag – A listing of feed ingredients, analysis, and included medications; provided by the processor.
- Herd Health Plan – Measures taken to keep all animals in a herd healthy.
- Hormone – A chemical, that is naturally occurring or synthetic, that regulates a specific function in the body.
- I.V. – Intravenously (injected into the vein)
- I.M. – Intramuscular (injected into the muscle).
- Injection Site – The place on an animal where a shot is given.
- Intra-Mammary – Given in the udder through the teat.
- Intra-Uterine – Placed within the uterine.
- Medicated – Containing manmade products intended to improve animal health.
- Microbial Contaminant – Undesirable and detrimental microscopic material in a food product (milk, meat, or any other feedstuff).
- NAIS – National Animal Identification System, a voluntary system through which a unique number is assigned to an animal that will follow it throughout its lifetime, for it to be tracked, if necessary for animal health issues.
- Oral – Given by mouth.
- Premise Registration – A system managed by ODA to assign a unique number to each location where animals are housed.

- Probiotic – Naturally occurring microorganisms, when given can confer a health benefit to the host.
- Proper Dosage – The amount of medication indicated to be given by label or vet recommendation.
- Protocol – The way things are to be done.
- Residue Test – A chemical test formulate to use milk, urine, or other animal tissue to determine freedom from antibiotics or other contaminants.
- Ruminant – An animal with four compartments in the stomach.
- Slaughter – To harvest meat for consumption.
- Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) – The procedures to follow in any given situation on a given operation or business.
- Sub-Q – Subcutaneously (given under the skin)
- Topical – Application of medication to the skin or mucous membranes.
- Vaccination – A substance containing live or killed viruses or bacteria, given to prevent disease.
- Valid Client Patient Relationship – Having a relationship with your veterinarian, your veterinarian being familiar with your animals.
- Violative Residue – A drug found in the tissue, blood, milk, or urine above allowed limits.

Dairy Treatment Record (for vaccines, medications, and medicated feeds)

Remember to include any parasite treatment, vaccines, medicated feeds, or medications used. Keep this record for 24 months.
Copy these pages if necessary.

Time of Treatment		Animal ID	Condition Being Treated	Estimated Weight	Treatment Given (Product, Amount, Route of Administration; Include Product Lot/Serial Number If Available)	Quarter Treated* (only if intra-mammary)	Instructed Withdrawal (hours or days)		Date & Time Withdrawal Is Complete		Print Name of Person Who Gave Treatment	Results or Comments (Recovered, Sold, or Died)	List the name, address, and phone number of the veterinarian who prescribed (Rx) or directed (extra label) treatment.
Date	AM						PM	Milk	Meat	Milk**			
						LF RF - - - -							
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Veterinary Feed Directive (VFD) Fact Sheet for 4-H Youth Livestock Producers and Families

What is a VFD?

A VFD is a written (nonverbal) statement issued by a licensed veterinarian that authorizes the use of an approved VFD drug or combination VFD drug in or on an animal feed. This written statement authorizes the client (owner of the animal) to obtain and use animal feed bearing or containing a VFD drug or combination VFD drug to treat the client's animals only in accordance with the conditions for use approved by the FDA (Food and Drug Administration).

- (1) The client (youth producer) must establish a veterinarian-client-patient relationship (VCPR) to be able to get a VFD. This is true whether the 4-H member has one food-producing animal or several.

When must the VFD be implemented?

January 1, 2017. Starting January 1, 2017, you can no longer stop by a feed store and buy a bag of medicated feed containing certain types of antibiotics that were previously classified as over-the-counter (OTC) drugs. As of January 1, 2017, the FDA requires that clients have a VFD to be able to purchase animal feeds containing these antibiotics.

What is a VFD drug?

Antibiotic drugs required to have a VFD order to be added on or in the feed are those deemed by the FDA to be medically important for human medicine. The FDA is concerned that improper or overuse of these antibiotics may contribute to antibiotic-resistant bacteria making it harder to treat human illnesses. Examples include Aureomycin®, Lincomix®, Neo-Terramycin®, penicillin, and tylosin. For a complete list refer to the "Drugs Transitioning from OTC to VFD Status" link at the end of this document. These antibiotics are no longer allowed to be used for production uses to enhance growth or improve feed efficiency. They are still allowed for therapeutic uses under veterinary supervision to (1) treat animals diagnosed with an illness; (2) control the spread of illness in a herd; and (3) prevent illness in healthy animals when exposure is likely.

Drugs that do not require a VFD are those that are not deemed medically important to humans. Examples include Rumensin®, Bovatec®, Medacox®, monensin, amprolium, and dewormers. These types of medications can still be used over-the-counter (OTC) for production uses to enhance growth or improve feed efficiency, as well as for therapeutic uses (treatment, control and prevention).

What species of animals require a VFD?

Cattle, swine, sheep, goats, poultry, honey bees and fish, as well as other food-producing species, even if they are not intended for food production. For example, backyard chickens kept as pets still require a VFD for certain antibiotics to be legally added to their feed, and a prescription for certain antibiotics to be added to water.

What is a veterinarian-client-patient relationship (VCPR)?

Most states have a definition of what constitutes a valid VCPR written in current law, including Ohio. Ohio law and related regulations are designed to ensure that a veterinarian does not prescribe drugs or recommend treatment without actually seeing the animal or animals in question. To establish a VCPR in order to obtain a VFD, you need to first identify a veterinarian who you wish to work with if you do not already have one. To write a VFD and otherwise treat your animals, the veterinarian must personally see your animal(s), become acquainted with their care, and have done so recently enough that he/she can make medical judgements. To write a VFD, this likely means the veterinarian will have had to examine your animals in the last six months, as that is the longest period of time for which a VFD can be written.



While all licensed veterinarians in Ohio can write a VFD or a prescription for water-based antibiotic drugs, all may not choose to work with food-producing animals, as they may elect to practice veterinary medicine only in their clinic or on specific species.

Why do I need a VCPR?

The veterinarian is the person most qualified to determine when an animal needs a specific medicine, how much of that medicine it needs each day, and how long it should be administered. By being involved in this process the veterinarian can ensure appropriate drug use, minimize the chance of bacterial resistance developing, and keep antibiotic residues out of our food supply.

How can I establish a VCPR?

The first step is to find a veterinarian who is willing to treat your 4-H project animals. It is up to you to initiate a VCPR, and should be done before you get your 4-H animals. You can look for veterinarians in your area at the Ohio Veterinary Medical Association website (www.ohiovma.org) under the public tab and search by city. If you already have a veterinarian, but he/she has not seen your animals in over a year, you may wish to contact him/her to ensure he/she can work with you on obtaining a VFD if and when you need one. Think of a VCPR as a relationship similar to what you would have with your family doctor.

- (1) The veterinarian writing the VFD or prescribing medications must be licensed within the state where the animals are being treated.

Am I going to be able to get medicated feed?

YES. The steps and process are more involved because you can no longer just go to a feed store and buy certain medications to mix in with your feed or buy medicated feeds containing medically important antibiotics. Producers must get a VFD order from their veterinarian and then send or take the VFD order to a feed distributor to get the VFD feed. Your veterinarian may send the VFD directly to where you buy feed.

When I buy my show pigs (for example), will I still be able to get a couple bags of medicated feed from that producer?

If the medicated feed contains an approved VFD drug, you must have a VFD before getting that feed. Your veterinarian must see these pigs to be able to write a VFD. Plus, the producer must be a distributor complying with FDA's distributor requirements to be able to distribute a VFD feed to you once you provide them with a VFD order.

What about feeding water soluble medications?

Beginning January 1, 2017, all antibiotics important to humans that are administered through drinking water will require a written prescription from your veterinarian. You must have established a VCPR to be able to get a prescription to buy these drugs or products. Although a VFD and a prescription are not the same, you need to have a VCPR to obtain both. The VFD rules only apply to medically important antibiotics fed on or in feed products, while a prescription applies to many products including medically important antibiotics administered through drinking water. For a list of drugs transitioning from over-the-counter to prescription status, refer to the "Drugs Transitioning from OTC to Prescription Status" link at the end of this document.

What about feeding milk replacer?

Milk replacers are considered feeds. If using medicated milk replacer containing an approved FDA drug mixed with water or mixed with feed, you must have a VFD. Medicated milk replacers will no longer be labeled for continuous feeding and therefore will not be allowed to be used continuously.

How often do I have to get a VFD?

There will be a VFD expiration date that defines the period of time for which the authorization to feed an animal feed containing a VFD drug is lawful. The expiration date specifies the last day the VFD feed can be fed to an animal or group of animals and under the regulations cannot be longer than six months.

A VFD feed or combination VFD feed must not be fed to animals after the expiration date on the VFD. You must contact your veterinarian to request a new VFD order.

What are my responsibilities as the client (youth producer) when using antibiotics important to humans in feed?

- (1) Only feed animal feed bearing or containing an approved VFD drug or a combination VFD drug to animals based on a VFD issued by a licensed veterinarian.
- (2) Do not feed a VFD feed or combination VFD feed to animals after the expiration date on the VFD.
- (3) Provide a copy of the VFD order to the feed distributor if the issuing veterinarian gives you the distributor's copy of the VFD. The veterinarian may send the VFD order directly to your feed distributor.
- (4) Keep a copy of the VFD order for a minimum of 2 years.
- (5) Provide a VFD order for inspection and copying by the FDA upon request.

USE GOOD MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TO PREVENT DISEASES (and the need for a VFD)!

- (1) Observe your animals daily.
- (2) Make sure your animals have adequate shelter and enough space relative to their stages of production.
- (3) Maintain their pens. Keep the pens clean, making sure bedding is clean and dry. Remove sharp objects. Make sure flooring and footing does not cause injury or lameness.
- (4) Provide adequate feeder space, a nutritionally balanced diet relative to their stages of production, and clean, cool water made available at all times.
- (5) Handle your animals properly.
- (6) Proper ventilation and temperature are important for performance, growth and the health of your animals.
- (7) Follow recommended biosecurity guidelines to keep diseases away!
- (8) Consult a veterinarian when questions or issues arise.

Links to Additional Information

- (1) FDA Summary Fact Sheet:
<http://www.fda.gov/animalveterinary/developmentapprovalprocess/ucm449019.htm>
- (2) Requirements for Producers (FDA):
<http://www.fda.gov/animalveterinary/developmentapprovalprocess/ucm455413.htm>
- (3) Requirements for Distributors (FDA):
<http://www.fda.gov/AnimalVeterinary/DevelopmentApprovalProcess/ucm455414.htm>
- (4) Requirements for Veterinarians (FDA):
<http://www.fda.gov/animalveterinary/developmentapprovalprocess/ucm455417.htm>
- (5) Drugs Transitioning from OTC to VFD Status (FDA):
<http://www.fda.gov/downloads/AnimalVeterinary/DevelopmentApprovalProcess/UCM482258.pdf>
- (6) Drugs Transitioning from OTC to Prescription Status (FDA):
<http://www.fda.gov/AnimalVeterinary/DevelopmentApprovalProcess/ucm482106.htm>
- (7) OSU Veterinary Extension OTC Brochure:
http://www.ohiovma.org/downloads/veterinarians/Brochure_VFD.pdf

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Reviewers: Jack Advent, Executive Director, Ohio Veterinary Medical Association; Mark Armfelt, DVM, Diplomat ABVP Dairy, Dairy Technical Advisor, Elanco Dairy Business; Leah Dorman, DVM, Director, Food Integrity & Consumer Engagement, Phibro Animal Health Corporation; Tony Forshey, DVM, State Veterinarian, Ohio Department of Agriculture; Diane R. McDaniel, State Liaison, Food and Drug Administration



2023 Hartford Independent Fair

Department 104 – Junior Fair Dairy Feeder Steer

Dairy Feeder Steer Project Guidelines...

- Pre-Fair Registration to be held Saturday, June 3rd (8:00 a.m. – 11:00 a.m.) in the west end of Grubb Arena. Trailers will enter the grounds through the Gate D / D2 and then pull along the north side of Grubb to enter line for unloading / processing. Cost to the member will be \$10 per animal (cash accepted; checks can be made payable to Mount Vernon Animal Hospital). Only steers completing this registration process will be eligible to exhibit in Dairy Feeder classes at the Hartford Fair. All steers must be haltered in order to be moved through the vaccination, tagging, and weigh-in process.
 - All calves MUST be castrated and dehorned PRIOR TO ARRIVING to weigh-in on June 3rd.
 - A vaccination program will be administered by licensed veterinarian. Vaccine cost will be \$9.00 per calf. Vaccinations will likely include:
 - Blackleg, pinkeye, respiratory series (IBR / BVD / PI3 / BRSB / Pastorella)
 - Lice, grubs and wormer
 - No boosters will be required
 - Steers will be tagged with an official 2023 Hartford Fair ear tag at a cost of \$1.00.
 - All Steers must be of 100% Holstein or Brown Swiss breeding.
 - NEW in 2023: Calves being weighed for the dairy feeder project on June 3rd will be evaluated by an independent third party. Calves that are questionable in regard to the rule requiring 100% Holstein or Brown Swiss genetics will be identified and tissue samples will be taken for genetic testing. Testing will be at the owner's expense. Cost of the test will be reimbursed to the owner(s) of calves that meet the genetic requirement. Calves not meeting the genetic requirement will be ineligible to show in the dairy feeder show at the Hartford Fair and will not be eligible to sell in the Junior Fair sale. For those exhibitors unable to show in the dairy feeder show, there will be a class for them to exhibit and earn a premium.
 - The veterinarian, Senior Fair Board Member(s), and project volunteers will assist in observing calves that day and will provide suggestions to members regarding any concerns.
 - Weights will be taken for each calf. Rate of gain awards will be announced during the fair with awards being presented to the exhibitors owning the five highest gaining steers.

Additional Information...

- **Dairy Feeder Project Clinic & Show** – Saturday, June 3rd (immediately following weigh-in)
 - Educational Clinic: 11:00 a.m. – 12:00 p.m. / Show: 12:00 p.m.
- **Dairy Feeder Steer Barn Meeting – Hartford Fair**
 - Barn meeting will be held the first Sunday (August 6th) of the fair.

PLEASE NOTE: Dairy Feeder Calf project members wishing to show in the Ohio State Fair Dairy Feeder Show will utilize their Hartford Fair tag # when submitting OSF entry forms by June 20th.

For additional information, please feel free to contact Leanne Rex.
740.587.0721 / rmoonmeadow@netscape.net

Dairy Beef Quality Assurance (DBQA) addresses the day to day management practices that influence the safety, quality and wholesomeness of beef and beef products.

The Dairy Beef Quality Assurance Program focuses on these important issues:

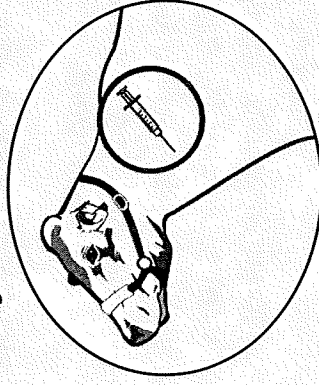
- 1 Encouraging dairymen to move all injections given to cattle to the neck in order to eliminate blemishes to valuable cuts of beef
- 2 Following label recommendations with animal health products to prevent residue and potential antibiotic resistance problems
- 3 Early culling to reduce the incidence of disabled or "downer" cattle
- 4 Handling cattle humanely during transportation to avoid bruises and injury

"Some products must be used IM (intramuscular) because they are not approved for Sub-Q use. These products have a place in our industry and get the job done. But if you have a choice, go Sub-Q."

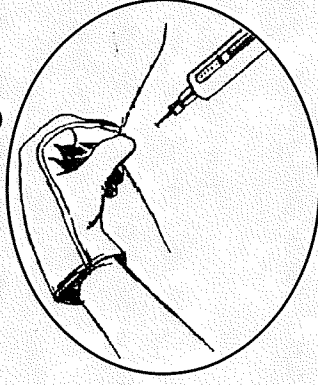
- Dr. Dee Griffin, University of Nebraska

HIT THE ZONE

Proper Injection Site Location



Suggested Tenting Technique



**MIDWEST
DAIRY BEEF
QUALITY
ASSURANCE
CENTER**

2950 Metro Drive, Suite 102
Minneapolis, MN 55425
Tel: 952-854-6980
Fax: 952-854-6906



Funded by America's Beef Producers

Dairy Beef Quality Assurance



**Beef Quality Assurance
Depends on You**

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Minneapolis, MN 55425
Tel: 952-854-6980
Fax: 952-854-6906

PREVENT INJECTION SITE BLEMISHES

1 *Always Choose the Correct Injection Site*

Do not give injections in the hindquarters! Do give all injections in the neck area in front of the shoulder.

2 *Know the Product & Follow the Label*

Observe purpose, preparation, timing, safety, expiration date, withdrawal times, storage and dose.

3 *Stay Away from the Muscle*

Whenever possible, choose products formulated and labeled for injections under the skin (subcutaneous/Sub-Q) rather than intramuscular (IM).

4 *Use the Proper Technique*

Remove trapped air by pumping grip before injecting. Insert needle at an angle just below skin surface. For subcutaneous delivery, use two-handed "tent" technique by pulling up on loose skin.

5 *Use Multiple Sites*

Never inject more than 10cc of a product in any one site. Keep injection sites at least 4" apart.

6 *Choose the Correct Needle*

• 16 or 18 gauge • 1/2" - 3/4" for Sub-Q; 1" for IM • Change needles often • Discard burred, bent, broken needles.

7 *Keep Equipment Clean*

• Clean modified live virus guns using only hot water. Disinfectants can leave residues, which destroy vaccines. • Clean bacterin guns with hot water or mild disinfectant.

8 *NEVER Combine Products*

Each injectable product has specific label instructions. Do not mix "combinations." This causes tissue damage and will reduce or eliminate product effectiveness.

9 *Mix and Handle Products Correctly*

• Mix large dose packages well at first and again during use. • Do not mix too much at once. Vaccines lose effectiveness after an hour. Use transfer needles. • Discard leftover vaccine. • Do not re-use. • Protect from extreme temperatures.

10 *Keep Detailed Records*

Record what was used; when, why and in which animals.

Dairymen Are Beef Producers Too...

Quality defects have a negative impact on the price that beef processors can pay for cows. Defects also affect consumer confidence in beef and reflect poorly on the image of the dairy industry.

The 1999 National Market Cow and Bull Quality Audit Showed that producers lost about \$70 on every dairy cow they sold because of product defects, like injection site blemishes.

The number one concern of retailers is injection site blemishes. Irritated and damaged tissue at the site of intramuscular injections results in unappetizing muscle scars and lesions, as well as increased product toughness. The stakes are even higher because of increased public attention on food safety and quality.

Today, more of the beef from dairy cows is processed as higher-value whole muscle cuts from the loin, rib, round and "flat" portions of the carcass. Injection site defects cause substantial losses to these higher value cuts -- erasing the profit opportunities. By following these 10 steps, you will assure beef quality, prevent costly product losses, build public confidence, and enhance the effectiveness of the products you use to maintain the health of your herd.

A comprehensive herd-health program should be developed in consultation with your veterinarian.

General Preventive Health Recommendations for Animals Exhibited at the Hartford Independent Fair

Robert C. Krueger, DVM
Mount Vernon Animal Hospital – (740) 397.6958

It is encouraged that all participants have a current relationship with their veterinarian in order to foster the best preventive health care plan for their animals.

Please note: If your animal is under medical treatment at the fair, treatment must be overseen by the official Fair Veterinarian. Please report to the Veterinarian or the Fair Director to ensure compliance with tampering laws and exhibition rules.

Vaccination and internal parasite control must be administered at least 30 days prior to the start of the Fair.

Special Note to Market Animals: **All medications and vaccinations should be given under the guidance of a licensed veterinarian. All meat residues (withdrawal times) must be expired prior to exhibition. Consult your veterinarian for specific protocol recommendations and keep records of medication and dosages. These guidelines are to help protect the animals travelling into and out of the fairgrounds and to comply with residue avoidance guidelines.

Beef Cattle:

1. Vaccines: IBR, BRSV, BVD, PI3, Leptospirosis, Clostridial diseases(7) including Tetanus
2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
3. External Parasite Control: Free of infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Dairy Cattle (including Dairy Feeder Calves):

1. Vaccines: IBR, BRSV, BVD, PI3, Leptospirosis, Clostridial diseases(7) including Tetanus
 - a. **Dairy Feeder Calves: Given at vaccination clinic as required (1st Saturday in June)
2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
3. External Parasite Control: Free of infections external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.
4. It is recommended that dairy heifers be dehorned prior to June 15th in order to allow complete healing prior to exhibition at the fair. (dehorning is not required of junior and intermediate heifers)

Goats:

1. Vaccines: Clostridium types C&D and Tetanus
2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
3. External Parasite Control: Free of infections external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Poultry:

1. Vaccines: Vary depending upon management protocol. Consult your veterinarian.
2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
3. External Parasite Control: Free of infections external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Rabbits:

1. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
2. External Parasite Control: Free of infections external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Sheep:

1. Vaccines: Clostridium types C& D and Tetanus
2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
3. External Parasite Control: Free of infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Swine:

1. Vaccines: Mycoplasma, Influenza, Erysipelas, Circovirus
2. Internal Parasite Control: On a preventive internal parasite protocol.**
3. External Parasite Control: Free of infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.

Equine – Horse / Pony:

1. Vaccines: West Nile Virus, Eastern Equine Encephalitis, Western Equine Encephalitis, Tetanus, Rhinopneumonitis (EHV 4/1), Equine Influenza, Rabies.
 - a. *These vaccines are required per fair rules.*
2. Internal Parasite Control: De-worming is individualized per horse/per stable environment. It is recommended that your horse maintain a Fecal Egg Count of < 200 epg. Consult your veterinarian for the best protocol for your individual horse.
3. External Parasite Control: Horses should be free of all infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.
4. Body Condition Score of $\geq 4/9$.

Canine:

1. Vaccines: Current Rabies, Distemper, Hepatitis (Adenovirus), Parvovirus, Parainfluenza, 4 way Leptospirosis, and Bordatella (Kennel Cough)
 - a. *These vaccines are required per fair rules.*
 - b. *Veterinarian's Certificate posted at www.licking.osu.edu > 4-H Youth Development > Member Resources*
2. Internal Parasite Control: Monthly heartworm and internal parasite control consistent with your veterinarian's recommendations for your dog.
3. External Parasite Control: Monthly prevention for fleas and ticks as well as free of all infectious external parasites and infections such as Lice, Mites, and Ringworm.
4. Body Condition Score of 2.5/5 minimum.



2023 HARTFORD FAIR

4-H & FFA PROJECT SKILLATHON & INTERVIEW JUDGING SCHEDULE

4-H Beef Projects...

Contest: Sunday, August 6 @ 12:30 p.m. to 2:00 p.m. (Beef Barn/Grubb Arena)
Awards: Tuesday, August 8 - Market Steer Show (Grubb Arena)

4-H Dairy Cattle Projects...

Contest: Monday, August 7 @ 2:00 to 4:00 p.m. (Grubb Arena)
Awards: Tuesday, August 8 - Junior Dairy Show (Grubb Arena)

4-H Dairy Feeder Projects...

Contest: Monday, August 7 @ 2:00 to 4:00 p.m. (Grubb Arena)
Awards: Wednesday, August 9 - Dairy Feeder Show (Grubb Arena)

4-H Goat Projects...

Contest: Wednesday, August 9 @ 1:00 to 3:00 p.m. (4-H Center)
Awards: Saturday, August 12 @ 9:00 a.m. (Grubb Arena)

4-H Horse Projects...

Contest: Sunday, August 6 @ 3:00 to 5:00 p.m. (Horse Complex)
(skillathon only—project interviews held 8:00 a.m. daily)
Awards: Wednesday, August 9

4-H Poultry Projects...

Contest: Tuesday, August 8 @ 10:00 a.m. (Rabbit & Poultry Barn)
Awards: Saturday, August 12 @ 9:00 a.m. (Grubb Arena)

4-H Rabbit Projects...

Contest: Wednesday, August 9 @ 10:00 a.m. (Rabbit & Poultry Barn)
Awards: Saturday, August 12 @ 9:00 a.m. (Grubb Arena)

4-H Sheep Projects...

Contest: Sunday, August 6 @ 10:30 a.m. to 11:45 a.m. (4-H Center)
Awards: Wednesday, August 10 just prior to beginning of Market Lamb Show (Grubb Arena)

4-H Swine Projects...

Contest: Sunday, August 6 @ 11:00 a.m. (Swine Barn West Entrance)
Awards: Tuesday, August 8 @ Market Hog Show (Swine Barn Arena)

Members should plan to bring completed project books with them to the skillathon contest. While a member's project book may not be required in order to participate in skillathon contests, it does account for a substantial amount of points. Awards are presented for (1) skillathon performance, (2) personal interview score, and (3) project book score for completion.

UPDATED of 01.10.2023

Any necessary changes to this schedule will be announced / posted during the Hartford Fair.

DRUG USE NOTIFICATION FORM (DUNF)

Sections 1 through 9 must be completed prior to show

EXHIBITION / FAIR NAME: _____ 2 DIGIT FAIR CODE _____

PRINT CLEARLY

1. EXHIBITOR/OWNER NAME _____

2. MAILING ADDRESS _____

Street, P.O. Box Number _____

EXHIBITOR
PHONE (____) _____

City, State, Zip _____

3. ANIMAL IDENTIFICATION
NUMBER (Tag, Tattoo #, Legband)

4. ANIMAL SPECIES [CIRCLE ONE]
CATTLE HOGS SHEEP GOATS
OTHER (Specify) _____

5. ANIMAL DESCRIPTION
(BREED, SEX, COLOR, ETC.)

6. I AM A JUNIOR FAIR MARKET LIVESTOCK EXHIBITOR AND I HAVE ATTENDED OR COMPLETED A QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS OR I HAVE TESTED OUT OF A PROGRAM WITHIN MY AGE BRACKET.

YES ☐

NO ☐

7. ☐ I CERTIFY THE ABOVE ANIMAL TO BE FREE OF MEDICATION.

▲ IF YOU HAVE CHECKED THIS BOX, SIGN BELOW AND DO NOT COMPLETE THE TREATMENT CHART.

☐ THE ABOVE ANIMAL HAS BEEN TREATED WITH MEDICATION FOR WHICH THE WITHDRAWAL PERIOD HAS NOT ELAPSED.

Complete the treatment chart below ▼

TREATMENT DATE	CONDITION BEING TREATED	TREATMENT GIVEN				DATE WITHDRAWAL COMPLETE
		MEDICATION GIVEN (NAME OF MEDICATION)	AMOUNT (DOSE)	ROUTE (IM, IV, SQ, Oral)	INSTRUCTED WITHDRAWAL TIME (# DAYS)	

IF THIS IS AN EXTRA LABEL OR Rx DRUG, A VETERINARIAN MUST HAVE PRESCRIBED THE MEDICATION.
LIST THE LICENSED VETERINARIAN'S NAME AND ADDRESS WHO PRESCRIBED OR DIRECTED THE TREATMENT:

VETERINARIAN NAME _____ STREET, P.O. BOX NUMBER _____ CITY, STATE, ZIP _____

8. EXHIBITOR/OWNER SIGNATURE _____ AGE: _____ DATE _____

9. PARENT/GUARDIAN SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____
(REQUIRED IF EXHIBITOR IS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE)

DISTRIBUTION by Records Official:
AGR DUNF (REV. 1/11)

WHITE FORM: REVIEW UPON COLLECTION AND IMMEDIATELY FORWARD TO ODA
YELLOW FORM: TO BE RETAINED BY THE DESIGNATED RECORDS OFFICIAL FOR ONE YEAR
PINK FORM: TO BE GIVEN TO THE OWNER/EXHIBITOR

CHAMPIONS WILL BE REQUIRED TO COMPLETE A NEW DUNF TO BE SUBMITTED WITH URINE/HAIR SAMPLES TO THE TESTING LABORATORY



THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

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740-670-5317 Fax
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**NOTICE of REQUIREMENT for
MARKET CATTLE, GOAT, SHEEP & SWINE EXHIBITORS**

Dear Youth Exhibitor;

In 1997, the Food and Drug Administration adopted a regulation, 21 CFR 589.2000, prohibiting the feeding of any ruminant-derived protein (meat and bone meal) to cattle and other ruminants. This regulation resulted from efforts to control any possible introduction or spread of Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) or "Mad Cow Disease" into the domestic cattle herd of the United States.

Because of worldwide media attention over the past few years on the BSE issue and a desire to reassure consumers that all possible steps are being taken to continue to keep BSE out of the United States, a number of beef packers/processors and retail operations have established certification programs for their suppliers to insure that they are not receiving cattle or other ruminants that have been fed ruminant-derived protein materials.

Participating packers in the certification program have made it clear that they will not purchase any cattle, sheep, swine, or goats from producers who have not signed a certificate certifying that indicated animals have been fed any feed containing protein derived from ruminant tissues and/or that none of the livestock being sold have illegal levels of drug residues. Thus, for some packers and buyers to purchase your cattle, we will need to have the certification on the back of this sheet signed and turned in upon arriving to the scales during weigh-in at the fair. If your animals do not weigh in, they will be collected during barn meetings or at a specific time posted in your barn.

I hope that we can work together to insure that the animals contributed to the general food supply through the 4-H and FFA programs may continue to be both safe and wholesome. Please feel free to contact me with any questions.

Sincerely,

Lisa D. McCutcheon
Extension Educator, 4-H Youth Development

Certification Form on Back...

United

Producers, Inc.

CONTINUOUS PRODUCER AFFIDAVIT

As an affidavit is deemed by USDA as an official record of Country of Origin, I attest through first-hand knowledge, normal business records, or producer affidavit(s) that all livestock referenced by this document or other communications specific to the transaction and transferred are of (mark one):

_____ U.S. Origin (born and raised in the U.S.)

_____ U.S. and/or Canadian origin and not imported for immediate slaughter (born in Canada, raised in the U.S.)

_____ Canadian Origin (born and raised in Canada)

Should the origin of my livestock become other than that described above, I agree to notify United Producers, Inc. when this occurs.

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, none of the livestock are adulterated within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (e.g., none of them have been fed any feed derived from mammalian tissues as prohibited by 21 C.F.R. 589.2000 nor are they contaminated with foreign materials nor do they have illegal levels of drug residues).

I certify that neither the undersigned nor the person(s) from whom the undersigned purchased the livestock are on the USDA/FSIS active list of repeat violators as having had more than one residue violation in the past 12 months; or if they are on the USDA/FSIS list that the undersigned has identified the animals being sold that come from the person whose name appears on the USDA/FSIS list.

I have and will maintain records of livestock origin for one year from the date of delivery of the livestock to United Producers, Inc.

This Continuous Producer Affidavit shall remain in effect until the undersigned delivers written notice of revocation to the UPI market / staff being presented with this affidavit.

Date: _____

Farm Name: _____

Signature: _____

Name (please print): _____

Contact Information

Address: _____

City and State: _____

Phone Number: _____

Email: _____

Premise I.D. Number (if applicable): _____

(This section to be completed by United Producers, Inc.)

Date Received: _____

Market: _____

Mt. Vernon OH

Producer Number (if available): _____

Persons willfully making false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or entries regarding the declaration of Country of Origin shall be liable for any damages due to the inaccuracy of this certification.

2011